THE
CONSERVATIVE.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY BY
JOHN B. NEATHERY, PRINTER TO THE STATE.

TERMS OF THE DAILY:		TERMS OF THE WEEKLY:	
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Three months,	20 00	Three months,	10 00
Six months,	40 00	Six months,	20 00

No subscriptions to either Daily or Weekly received for a longer time than six months.

HOME.

Two birds within one nest;
Two hearts within one breast;
Two souls within one fair
Firm league of love and prayer,
Together bound for aye, together blest,

An ear that waits to catch
A hand upon the latch;
A step that hastens its sweet rest to win;
A world of care without,
A world of strife shut out,
A world of love shut in.

KING SOLOMON'S BLACKSMITH.

And it came to pass when Solomon, the son of David, had finished the temple of Jerusalem, that he called unto him the chief architects, and the head artificers, and cunning workers in silver and gold, and in wood and in ivory, and stone—yea, all who had aided in rearing the Temple of the Lord—and he said unto them:

"Sit ye down at my table, I have prepared a feast for my chief workers and cunning artificers. Stretch forth your hand, therefore, and eat and drink and be merry. Is not the laborer worthy of his hire? Is not a skillful artificer deserving of honor? Muzzle not the ox that treadeth out the corn."

And when Solomon and the chief workmen were seated, and the fatness of the land, the oil thereof, were set upon the table, there came one who knocked loudly at the door, and forced himself even into the festal chamber. Then Solomon, the king, was wroth, and said:

"What manner of man art thou?"

And the man answered and said:

"When men wish to honor me, they call me the Son of the Forge, but when they desire to mock me, they call me blacksmith; and seeing that the toil of working in the fire covers me with sweat and smut, the latter name, O King, is not inapt, and in truth, thy servant desires no better."

"But," said Solomon, "why came you thus rudely and unbidden to the feast, where none save the chief workmen of the Temple are invited?"

"Please ye, my Lord, I came rudely," replied the man, "because thy servants obliged me to force my way; but I came not unbidden. Was it not proclaimed that the chief workmen of the Temple were invited to dine with the King of Israel?"

Then he who carved the cherubim said:

"This fellow is no sculptor."

And he who inlaid the the roof with pure gold said:

"Neither is he a workman in fine metals."

And he who raised the walls said:

"He is not a cutter of stone."

And he who made the roof cried out:

"He is not cunning in cedar wood; neither knoweth he the mystery of uniting pieces of strange timber together."

Then said Solomon: "What hast thou to say, Son of the Forge, why I should not order thee plucked by the beard, scourged, and stoned to death with stones?"

And when the Son of the Forge heard this, he was in no sort dismayed, and, advancing to the table, snatched up and swallowed a glass of wine, and said;

"O King, live forever! The chief men of the workers in wood, and gold, and stone have said I am not of them, and they have said truly. I am their superior; before they lived was I created. I am their master, and they are my servants." And he turned him round, and said to the chiefs of the carvers in stone:

"Who made the tools with which you carve?"

And he said:

"The blacksmith."

And he said to the chief of the masons:

"Who made the chisels with which the stones of the Temple were squared?"

And he said:

"The blacksmith."

And he said to the chief of the workers in wood:

"Who made the tools with which you hewed the trees on Lebanon, and formed them into the pillars and roof of the Temple?"

And he said:

"The blacksmith."

Then he said to the artificer in gold and ivory:

"Who makes your instruments, by which you work beautiful things for my lord, the King?"

And he said:

"The blacksmith."

"Enough, enough, good fellow!" said Solomon, "thou hast proved that I have invited thee, and thou art men's father in art. Go wash the smut of the forge from thy face, and come and sit at my right hand. The chiefs of my workmen are but men—thou art more."

So it happened at the feast of Solomon, and the blacksmith has been honored ever since.—*London Magazine.*

THE TAX BILL.—The Senate Finance Committee, on yesterday, reported back the House tax bill, amended to that degree that its author would not know it. The amendments cut down the additional tax on property proposed by the House from one hundred to five per cent, and in about the same proportion reduce all the proposed taxes. The bill, as amended, will probably pass the Senate, when the House will ask a committee of conference.—It is thought that, by means of a committee of conference, it can be disposed of during this week.—*Dipatch.*

Good old ——— Hall writes, that 'I would as soon be a brute beast as an ignorant rich man."

NEGRO AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY NEXT, THE 7TH INST., AT 12 O'CLOCK, we will sell at auction 20 lively Negroes. Among them is a first rate Seamstress, Ironer and Washer. The others are Men, Boys and Girls, and all are number one negroes, and sold for no fault.

W. F. ASKEW & CO.
March 6. 268—d2t.

Post Quarter Master's Office, C. S. A.,
RALEIGH, N. C., March 4th, 1865.

PARTIES HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST THIS DEPARTment are requested to forward them without delay through the Agents contracting the indebtedness, in order that certified accounts may be given for the same.

W. E. PEIRCE,
Capt. and A. Q. M.
March 6. 268—d6t.
Confederate and Standard copy 6t.

THE CHURCH INTELLIGENCER,

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE PROtestant Episcopal Church in the Confederate States, is now published by the Protestant Episcopal Church Publishing Association in Charlotte, North Carolina.

REV. F. M. HUBBARD, D. D., } EDITORS.
REV. G. M. EVERHART, A. M., }

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—CASH, IN ADVANCE:
For three months, $5. For six months, $10. For one year, $20.

*** For Army or Hospital distribution, a deduction of twenty-five per cent.

All communications should be addressed, "Church Intelligencer, Charlotte, N. C."
January 25, 1865. 235—tf.

DAILY CONSERVATIVE.

VOL. I.] RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY, MARCH 7, 1865. [No. 269.

NOTICE.
W. & W. Railroad Company.
OFFICE CHIEF ENGINEER AND SUPT.,
Magnolia, N. C., March 2, 1864.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS ON BUSINESS CONNECTED with this company should be addressed to the undersigned at this place, until further notice.

All accounts for services rendered, or property purchased, claims of every kind must be immediately rendered to the Superintendent here.

Claims will be settled as fast as funds can be received for that purpose.

Those neglecting this notice must take all risk and loss on the present currency.

All accounts for wood, timber, negro hire and materials of every kind made since 1861, will be paid in the present currency only.

Negro bonds or accounts for negro hire for the current year will be paid in currency as soon as funds can be received from the Government for that purpose.

S. L. FREMONT,
Chief Engineer and Supt.
March 6, 1865. 268—d3t

STOP THE THIEF! $500 REWARD.

STOLEN FROM MY STABLES, 1 MILE NORTHWEST of Yanceyville, N. C., on the night of the 19th February, a small dark brown or black mare mule, about ten years old, in very good order. She is a square built, nice made animal. No particular marks recollected except the rubbing or marks of gear.

I will give the above reward of $500 for the arrest of the thief with sufficient evidence to convict him, or a suitable reward for the delivery of the mule, or information which will lead to her recovery.

JOS. C. PINNIX.
March 6. 268—w4t.

JUNIPER BUCKETS.
Southern Manufacture.

WE ARE AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF THE ABOVE Buckets, wholesale or retail. Send on orders.

TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,
Auct. & Com. Merchants.
March 4, 1865. 267—d3t

FILES, FILES AND RASPS.

LARGE LOT OF WOOD, MILL AND HAND-SAW files.

TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,
Com. Merchants.
March 4, 1865. 267—d2t

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!

FORTY-FIVE DOZEN GENT'S FINE, BLACK, BROWN and drab [illegible] very superior article.

TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,
Com. Merchants.
March 4, 1865. 267—d2t

A LARGE SELECTION OF GARDEN SEED

ON HAND, CALL SOON AT

D. C. MURRAY & CO.,
Auctioneers & Commission Merchants.
March 4, 1865. 267—d2t

ATTRACTIVE SALE.
(To the Ladies.)

ON TUESDAY, THE 28TH INST., AT THE SALES ROOM of the undersigned, will be sold a most elegant and desirable collection of the various articles, constituting the wardrobe of a lady, including many beautiful dresses and other things appertaining to a lady's toilet, of the latest foreign styles and patterns.

Also a case of very fine Corsets, damaged by salt water.

Bonds and good security payable six months after the day of sale, will be required of the purchaser.

By order of the administrator.

CREECH & LITCHFORD,
Auctioneers.
Feb. 28. 264—d3t.

Owing to unavoidable circumstances the above sale is postponed until Thursday next, March 2d. The articles will be on exhibition at our store to-morrow and next day.

CREECH & LITCHFORD.
Auctioneers.

B. F. GRADY,
EXCHANGE BROKER,
(LATE OF WILMINGTON, N. C.)
RALEIGH, N. C.

DEALER IN STOCKS AND BONDS, STERLING EXchange, Bank Notes, Gold and Silver Coin, &c.

Office in the store of L. E. Heartt, Esq., No. 18, Fayetteville street. Heartt & Iredell's old stand.
March 6. 268—d4t.*

SOLDIERS' CLAIMS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN APPOINTED "Commissioner to investigate, collect and distribute Claims of Deceased Soldiers," gives notice that after the 30th inst., he will be prepared to furnish the blanks whereby the wives, children, executors or administrators of deceased soldiers may have their claims placed in proper form to be filed in the Auditor's office in Richmond, and will use every effort in his power to have the same promptly paid.

Persons applying for blanks must forward a 2¢ cent postage stamp (or two 10 cent bills) to prepay the postage on the same.

A Register of all claims will be kept, and at any time the state of a claim may be ascertained.

HENRY E. COLTON,
Fayetteville, N. C.
February 25, 1865. 263—tf.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & Co.,
STOCK AND MONEY BROKERS,
Raleigh, N. C,

CONTINUES TO CARRY ON THE BROKERAGE BUSIness at their old stand as heretofore in all its various branches.

ROBBERY.

THE SUBSCRIBER WAS ROBBED OF A FOUR HUNdred dollar 4 per cent. Certificate of Deposit, dated March 19th, 1864, No. 121, issued to me by J. M. Worth, Dep. If not found within six weeks from this date application will be made for a duplicate. This the 20th day of January, 1865.

ALFRED CAVINESS.
January 24, 1865. 234—tf.

The Magnolia Weekly Home Journal.

THE PROPRIETORS HAVE ENLARGED AND IMproved their Home Journal. It comprises eight pages, containing 32 columns, in new type, devoted to the encouragement and dissemination of Southern Literature, embracing Romance and Biography, Poetry and Music. A special services of the leading established writers of the South have been secured. No effort or expenses spared to give brilliancy and interest to the paper. Published weekly at Ten Dollars a year. Address

PROPRIETORS OF THE MAGNOLIA,
Richmond, Va.
January 31, 1865. 240—tf.

WANTED TO RENT,

A SMALL HOUSE IN THIS CITY, WITH TWO ROOMS, or a part of a house, for a highly respectable family of refugees—a lady and children, the husband being in the field. Apply immediately at the

CONSERVATIVE OFFICE.
January 28, 1865. 238—tf.

WE ARE REQUESTED TO ANNOUNCE ADJUTANT E. J. BANKS, as a candidate for Major in the 1st Regiment of Home Guards at its next organization.

MANY HOME GUARDS.
March 1, 1865. 265—d3t*

THE BINGHAM SCHOOL.
A Military and Classical Finishing School.

THE NEXT SESSION WILL BEGIN MARCH 1ST, 1865, at Mebanesville, on the North Carolina Railroad. While the old course has been retained, extensive additions have been made with a view to making GOOD SOLDIERS, as well as good scholars. Address

COL. WM. BINGHAM,
Superintendent.
Oaks, N. C.
January 20, 1865. 40—w6t*.

TO GAS CONSUMERS!

ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF MARCH, THE PRICE of GAS will be $30 00 per 1000 feet.

WATERHOUSE & BOWES,
Gasmakers.
February 1865. 21, 156—d1m.

AXES, SHOVELS, PLOWS, &c.

5 DOZEN LONG HANDLED SHOVELS,
10 " Cast Steel Axes,
4 " " " Hilling Hoes,
6 " Medium Sized Grindstones,
3 " No. 9 Plows,
5 " No. 11 "
4 " No. 09 "
1 " No. 2 Two horse Livingston Plows,
1200 " Plow Points, Landsides and Bolts,
200 pounds Horse Shoes.
All kinds of Plantation and Bar Iron, at

SHAY, WILLIAMSON & CO'S
North State [illegible] and Brass Works.
March 3, 1865. 266—tf

Office Chief Quartermaster C. S. A.,
DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA,
RALEIGH Feb. 27th, 1865.

ALL CONTRACTORS WITH MAJOR W. W. PIERCE for Leather and Shoes will, without delay, send to this office any they may have on hand, marked to the undersigned.

H. R. HOOPER,
~~264—tf.~~ Maj. and Chief Q. M.

Office Chief Quartermaster, C. S. A.,
DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Raleigh, Feb. 23, 1865.

CONTRACTORS WITH MAJOR W. W. PEIRCE, WHO do not report in person at this office within twenty days, and make a full and accurate statement of their contracts as required by circular of the 8d inst., will be reported (together with all detailed and light duty men working with them) for duty in the field, and suits will be immediately brought on their bonds.

H. R. HOOPER,
261—tf Major and Chief Q. M.

$300 REWARD.

RANAWAY ON THE 3RD OF THIS MONTH A Negro Boy named George. He is a bright red skinned mulatto, about 21 years old, 5 feet 9 inches high, and claims to be a barber. The above reward will be paid for his confinement in any jail or his delivery to either W. F. Askew & Co., Raleigh, or to Dr. W. J. Hawkins at Ridgeway.
Feb. 22d, 1865. 259—10t.

BOXES FOR SOLDIERS.

ALL BOXES FOR SOLDIERS OR PRISONERS OF War from North Carolina, delivered to the following named persons will be promptly forwarded free of charge:

Sprague Brothers, Salisbury.
Dr. D. F. Summey, Ashville.
Dr. W. A. Collet, Morganton.
Dr. J. W. Allison, Statesville.
Dr. J. L. Neagle, Greensboro.
Mr. A. Hagan, Charlotte.
Mr. Edward Hege, Salem.
Capt. J. N. McDowell, Raleigh.
Joseph A. Worth, Fayettevillee.
E. Murry & Co., Wilmington.
Mr. F. L. Bond, Tarboro.
Mr. J. A. Askew, Colerain.
Mr. F. L. Roberts, Murfreesboro.

The boxes should be well hooped, properly marked, and delivered in time for my Special Messenger who leaves Raleigh on the first day of every month.

EDWARD WARREN,
Surgeon General, N. C.
Raleigh, Oc 29, 1864. 163—tf.

Almanacs! Almanacs!!

TURNER'S ALMANACS FOR 1865 NOW READY.

Price per hundred	75 00
" " doz.	10 00
" " single copy.	1 00

BRANSON & FARRAR,
Raleigh, N. C.
Jan. 2, 1865. 215—tf.

FAUCETT, LONG & CO.,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
GREENSBORO', N. C.

WILL GIVE STRICT ATTENTION TO THE sale of real and personal property, and solicits consignments.
January 27, 1865. 237—tf.

On Consignment and for Sale,
100 KEGS SODA.
LONG, FAUCETT & CO,
Auction and Commission Merchants.
January 27, 1865. 237—tf.

WEEKLY SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR.

IN PURSUANCE OF A PLAN LONG ENTERTAINED, and to meet the expressed wants of the Agriculturists and Country Residents of the South, the subscriber announces his intention to commence the publication of a Weekly edition of the SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR.

The paper will retain its present form, furnishing eight pages of reading matter weekly. It will be devoted as heretofore, to Agriculture. Also, to Current News, a synopsis of Army Intelligence, proceedings of Congress, reports of the Markets, &c., &c., embracing everything necessary to make it a valuable and acceptable

FAMILY NEWSPAPER,

For the Farmers, Planters, Gardeners, Stock Raisers, House wives, and business men of the Confederacy. The first number of the Weekly edition will be issued on or before the first Saturday in November.

TERMS:

$6 for 6 months, or $3 for 3 months. Single copies, 25 cents.

All present subscribers to CULTIVATOR to be supplied for the remainder of this year (1864) with Weekly, without any advance in price. Address

D. REDMOND,
Augusta, Ga.
January 24, 1865. 234—tf.

New Daily Paper in Richmond.
PROSPECTUS.

THE undersigned propose to publish a daily paper, under the title of "THE RICHMOND HERALD," on or about the 15th of January next.

It will be entirely independent in politics, but will nevertheless accord to the administration a just support in all measures which, in the opinion of its conductors may be deemed promotive of the good of the cause in which we are engaged. A proper criticism of such acts as will be deemed adverse to this object, will be, of course, consistent with the independent character under which the paper is to be inaugurated.

In the matter of General News it will be found to keep pace with the leading journals of the day, while it will have added to it in the way of financial intelligence a feature such as, we venture to say, no paper in the Confederacy can boast of. Editorials from the pen of one of the ablest financial writers in this or any other country will be presented in each number.

For reasons not now proper to be mentioned, we forbear to give the names of those who shall compose the regular editorial staff; but we flatter ourselves that when they shall appear they will be found to constitute such an array of talent as cannot be excelled on this continent.

The well known character of the individual whose name appears below, as a stenographic reporter, furnishes we presume, a guarantee that, in all that relates to important political speeches and debates, whether in legislative assemblies or out of them, the "HERALD" will present advantages certainly not to be excelled by any paper in the Confederacy.

The farming interests will be faithfully vindicated, and care taken to disseminate the earliest intelligence which a proper regard for the welfare of that great element of national wealth and power shall demand.

In the matter of correct commercial intelligence, equal zeal shall be manifested, our object being to assign to each of these departments an editor of known experience and ability.

Arrangements are on foot by which to secure the earliest foreign news, and the paper will contain such editorial talent as will fully elucidate the bearing of foreign diplomacy upon Southern interests.

In short, "THE RICHMOND HERALD" will be found to combine every feature of interest which the requirements of the present crisis demand.

The enterprise is repectfully commended to the favor and patronage of the citizens of the Southern Confederacy.

P. KEAN, & CO.,
Jan 18—228 tf. Richmond, Va.

50 BOXES CAROLINA BELLE SNUFF FOR sale. KINSEY & WARE.
Raleigh Dec. 22, 1864. 203—tf.

FOR RENT.

A LARGE AND DESIRABLE RESIDENCE WITHIN A mile of the city of Raleigh, with 860 acres of land attached.

Apply to Dr. Joyner, Yarborough House, Raleigh, N. C.
January 31, 1865. 248—tf.

From the New York Post.

WE ARE REQUESTED TO ANNOUNCE THE NAME of Col. GEORGE C. MOSES, of Wayne County, as a candidate for Colonel of the Regiment of Home Guards to be formed near this city.
March 4, 1865. 267—6t

MILITARY DIRECTORY.

FIELD OFFICERS, OF NORTH CAROLINA REGIMENTS.

	COLONELS.	LIEUT. COLONELS.	MAJORS.
1	H A Brown,	J N Harrell,	L C Latham,
2			J T Seal,
3	S D Thruston,	W M Parsly,	W T Engelt,
4	E A Osborne,		
5	J W Lea,	W J Hill,	
6	R F Webb,	S McD Tate,	R W York,
7	W L Davidson,	J McL Turner,	J G Harris,
8	J M Whitson,	W A Barrier,	A J Rogers,
9	W H Cheek,	W H H Cowles,	
10	S D Pool,	H T Guion,	Sparrow & Reily
11	W J Martin,		
12	H E Coleman,	W S Davis,	R W Alston,
13	J H Hyman,	H A Rogers,	E B Withers,
14	R T Bennett,	W A Johnston,	J H Lambeth,
15	W H Yarboro,	G W Hammond,	
16	W A Stowe	A S Cloud,	
17	W F Martin,	T H Sharpe,	L J Johnson,
18	J D Barry,	J W McGill,	T J Wooten,
19	W P Roberts,		
20	T F Toon,		D J Devane,
21		W S Rankin,	
22	T S Galloway,	W S Mitchell,	Lee Russell,
23			
24	W J Clarke,	J L Harris,	T D Love
25	H M Rutledge,		M N Love,
26	Jno R Lane,		T J Adams,
27	J A Gilmer, Jr.,	G F Whitefield,	J C Webb,
28	S D Lowe,		S N Stowe,
29	W B Creasman,	B S Proffit,	
30	F M Parker,		
31		C W Knight,	
32	D G Cowand,	H G Lewis,	
33	R V Cowan	J H Saunders,	J A Weston,
34	W L J Lowrance,	G T Gordan,	
35	J T Johnson,	S B Taylor,	R E Petty,
36	W Lamb,	J D Taylor,	J M Stevenson,
37		W G Murdie,	J L Bost.
38	Jno Ashford,	G W Flowers,	J T Wilson,
39	D Coleman,	F A Reynolds,	
40	J J Hedrick,		W A Holland,
41	J A Baker,	E Moore.	
42	J E Brown,	C W Bradshaw,	T J Brown,
43	T S Kenan,		
44	T C Singeltary,	T L Hargrove,	C M Stedman,
45	J R Winston,		
46	W L Saunders,	A C McAllister,	N McK McNeil,
47		W C Lankford,	
48	S H Walkup,	A A Hill,	
49	L M McAfee.	J T Davis,	C Q Petty,
50	G Wortham,	J C Vaughook,	H J Ryals,
51	H McKethan,	C B Hobson,	J R McDonald,
52	M A Parks,		
53		J T Morehead,	
54	K M Murchison,	A Ellis,	
55	J R Connally,	A H Belo,	
56	P F Faison,	G G Lake,	J W Graham,
57		H G Jones,	J A Craige,
58	J B Palmer,		T J Doclin,
59	D D Fearebee,	E Cantwell,	J M Mayo,
60	W M Hardy.		J T Weaver,
61		W S Devane,	E Mallett,
62		G W Clayton.	P G McDowell,
63		S B Evans,	J H McNeil,
64		W N Garrett,	T P Jones,
65	G N Folk,	A H Baird,	J J Spain,
66	J H Nutherentt,	C G Wright,	D L Davis,
67	J N Whitford,	R W Wharton,	E Whitford.
68	J W Hinton,	R C Yellowly,	W B Sanderlin,
69	G Tait,	J L Henry,	I A Harris.

The first Battalion Sharp Shooters is commanded by Captain R. E. Wilson; First Battalion Heavy Artillery, by Maj. Alexander McRae; Second Battalion N. C. T. (Infantry) by Maj. J. M. Hancock; Third Battalion Light Artillery, by Maj. J. W. Moore; Thirteenth Battalion Light Artillery, by Lieut Colonel J. R. Starr.

THOMAS' LEGION.—Col., W. H. Thomas, Lieut. Colonel, J. R. Love; Maj., W. W. Stringfield; Thomas' Legion, Lieut. Colonel., J. A. McKarney.

BRIGADE N. C. JUNIOR RESERVES.

No.	COLONELS.	LIEUT. COLONELS.	MAJORS.
1	F. S. Armistead.	C. W. Broadfoot.	W. McK. Clark.
2	J. H. Anderson.	W. F. Beasley.	N. A. Gregory.
3	J. W. Hinsdale,	W. F. French.	A. A. Ettington.
1	Bat.		D. T. Millard.

Claims for Deceased Officers and Soldiers.
WILSON, N. C., June 20, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN APPOINTED A COMmissioner to investigate, collect and pay over to the parties entitled thereto, all claims for bounty arrearages of pay and allowances, due to the representatives of deceased officers and soldiers from this State.

The parties entitled are: first, the widow of the deceased, if any, if there be no widow then, secondly, the child or children, if there be such, if there be neither widow or children then, thirdly, the father, if there be neither widow, child, children or father then, fourthly, the mother of the deceased, and in default of all of these then, fifthly, the executor or administrator of the deceased.

The claimant or claimants must furnish his, her or their affidavit, and that of one disinterested witness as to the relationship, and in all cases, where the claimant is not the widow, the affidavit must negative the existence of a claimants of a higher order. The Justice of the Peace, before whom the affidavit is subscribed must certify to the credibility of the witness, and Clerk of the County Court must certify, under the seal of the Court, that he is a Justice of the Peace.

If the claimant or claimant be a child or children of the deceased; and he, she or they be minors, the claim must be propounded by his, her or their guardian, and the fact of his being guardian must be certified to, under seal of the County Court Clerk.

When the claims is made by an executor or administrator, the fact of the executorship or seal by the County Court Clerk.

All of these papers should be sent in duplicate.

Any person directly interested will be furnished, upon application to me, with a proper form of these papers in full a copy of which, for the greater convenience of parties, will be forwarded as soon as may be practicable to each County Court Clerk.

This commission is intended to facilitate the collection of these claims, and save the claimants all expense.

Parties interested may materially aid me in the investigation of their claims, if at the time of forwarding their paper to me, they will inform me of the date of the death of the deceased, where he died, was killed, whether or not they or any one for them, have received the personal effects which deceased had with him at the time of his death, and whether or not the deceased (if a non commissioned officer or private,) had ever received the State's bounty.

It is very desirable that all claims should be forwarded at as early as may be practicable. In all cases, give the claimants, Post Office and County in full.

NO. A. STANLY
161—tf. Commissioner

GOVERNMENT OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES

JEFFERSON DAVIS, of Mississippi, President, salary, $25,000.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS, of Georgia, Vice President salary, $8,000.

Aids to the President—Col Wm M Browne, of Georgia, Col Jas Chesnut, of S C, Col Wm F Johnston, of Ky Col J C Ives, of Miss, Col G W C Lee, of Va, Col John T Wood.

Private Secretary to the President—Burton M Harrison, of Miss.

Department of State—Judah P Benjamin, of La, Secretary of State. L Q Washington, Chief Clerk. The office of Assistant Secretary is vacant.

Department of Justice—Attorney General, George Davis, of N. C., Wade Keyes, of Ala., Assistant Attorney General. H R Rhodes, of Miss., Commissioner of Patents. G W E Nelson, of Ga., Superintendant of Public Printing. R M Smith, Public Printer.

Treasury Department—G A Trenholm, of S C, Secretary of the Treasury. Robert Tyler, Register. E C Elmore, Treasurer. J M Strother, of Va., Chief Clerk. Lewis Cruger, of S. C., Comptroller. B Baker, of Fla., 1st Auditor. W H S Taylor, of La., 2d Auditor.

War Department—James A Seddon, of Va., Secretary of War. Judge John A Campbell, of Ala., Assistant Secretary of War. R G H Kean, Chief Bureau of War. Gen. S Cooper, Adjutant and Inspector General. Lt Col Jno Withers, Lt Col H L Clay. Maj E A Palfrey, Maj Chas H Lee, Maj S W Melton and Capt Reilly, Assistant Adjutants and Inspectors General. Brig Gen A R Lawton, of Ga., Quartermaster General. Col L B Northrop, of S C., Commissary General. Col J Gorgas, Chief of Ordnance. S P Moore, M D, Surgeon General. C H Smith, M D., Assistant Surgeon.

Navy Department—R S Mallory, of Florida, Secretary of the Navy. E M Timball, Chief Clerk. Com John M Brooke, Chief of Ordnance. Com A B Fairfax, Inspector of Ordnance. Com J K Mitchell, in charge of Orders and Detail. Surgeon F A W Spotswood, Chief of Medicine and Surgery. Paymaster J DeBree, Chief of Clothing and Provisions.

Post Office Department—John H Reagan, of Texas, Postmaster General. H St Geo Offut of Va, Chief of Contract Bureau. B N Clements, of Tenn., Chief of Appointment Bureau. John L Harrell, of Ala., Chief of Finance Bureau. B Fuller, of N. C., chief Clerk.

JOHN D HYMAN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.,

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO ANY BUSINESS IN the 8th Judicial Circuit that may be entrusted to his hands.
January 5, 1864. 218—tf.

THE
CONSERVATIVE.

The following rates will be charged for all advertisements inserted in the DAILY and WEEKLY CONSERVATIVE:

ONE SQUARE OF EIGHT LINES, OR LESS

One day,	$ 5 00	One week,	$ 20 00
Two days,	10 00	Two weeks,	60 00
Three days,	15 00	Three weeks,	90 00
Four days,	20 00	One month,	120 00
Five days,	25 00	Two months,	210 00

When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Obituaries, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance.

CALENDAR FOR 1865.

1865.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	1865.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
Jan.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	July							1
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	29	30	31						23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Feb.			1	2	3	4			30	31					
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Aug			1	2	3	4	5
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	26	27	28						20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Mar			1	2	3	4			27	28	29	30	31		
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Sept						1	2
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	26	27	28	29	30	31			17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Apr.							1		24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Oct.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	30								29	30	31				
May		1	2	3	4	5	6	Nov				1	2	3	4
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	28	29	30	31					26	27	28	29	30		
Jun.				1	2	3		Dec.						1	2
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	25	26	27	28	29	30			24	25	26	27	28	29	30
									31						

1865. 1865.

CONSERVATIVE
STEAM POWER PRESS
BOOK & JOB OFFICE,
J. B. NEATHERY & CO., Proprietors.

HAVING A NUMBER OF PRESSES, and a large assortment of

PRINTING MATERIALS,

We are prepared to execute in a workmanlike manner and with despatch, every description of

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PRINTING!

SUCH AS

BOOKS,
PAMPHLETS,
SHIN-PLASTERS,
POSTERS,
HAND-BILLS,
CIRCULARS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
CATALOGUES,
RECEIPTS,
CARDS, ETC.

Special attention paid to

GOVERNMENT BLANKS.

GOVERNMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

His Excellency, Zebulon B Vance, Buncombe, Governor
Col David A Barnes, Northampton, Ald.
Col George Little, Wake. do
M S Robins, Randolph, Private Secretary.
Dr Edward Warren, Chowan, Surgeon General.
Charles R. Thomas, Carteret, Secretary of State.
Jonathan Worth, Randolph, Public Treasurer.
Curtis H Brogden, Wayne, Comptroler.
Richard H Battle, Jr, Anson, Auditor.
Oliver H Perry, Wake, State Librarian.
Washington C. Korr, of Mecklenburg, State Geologist
Major General R C Gatlin, Lenoir, Adjutant General.
Major William B Gulick, Beaufort, Paymaster.
Major John Devereux, Wake, Quartermaster.
Major T D Hogg, Wake, Commissary and Ordnance Officer.
Major James Sloan, Guilford, Quartermaster.
Major Henry A Dowd, Edgecombe, do
Major James H. Foote, Asst. Adj. Gen., (Roll of Honor.)
Major William A Graham, Jr., Asst Adjt. General.
Lieut. Josiah Collins, Washington county, Ordnance Department.
Lieut. Thomas White, Franklin, Asst. Quartermaster.
Lieut. Isaac W. Garrett, Edgecombe, Asst. Quartermaster.
Lieut. Thaddeus Metlee, Wake, Asst. Commissary.
Lieut. Charles H. Thompson, Wake, Asst. Commissary.
Lieut. Geo. W. Thompson, Caswell, Assistant Adjutant General, (Roll of Honor.)

JUDICIAL.

SUPREME COURT.

Richmond M Pearson, Yadkin, Chief Justice.
Wm H Battle, Orange, and Matthias E Manly, Craven, Judges.
Sion H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General.
Patrick H Winston, Wake, Reporter.
Edmund B Freeman, Wake, Clerk.
[Meets in the city of Raleigh second Monday in June each year. The Morganton term has been discontinued.]

SUPERIOR COURTS.

Judges—Edwin G Ronde, Person, Romulus M Saunders, Wake; Robert Heath, Chowan; Robt S French, Robeson; James W Osborne, Mecklenburg; George Howard Wilson; William M Shipp, Henderson; Robert B Gilliam, Granville.
Solicitors—1st Circuit, Jesse J Yeates, Hertford; 2nd Circuit, Charles C Clark, Craven; 3rd Circuit, Sion H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; 4th Circuit, Thomas Settle, Rockingham; 5th Circuit, Ralph Buxton, Cumberland; 6th Circuit, Robert F Armfield, Yadkin; 7th Circuit, William P Bynum; 8th Circuit, Augustus S Merrimon, Buncomb

THE

CONSERVATIVE.

M. S. ROBINS, Editor.

☞ All letters on business of the office to be directed to JOHN B. NEATHERY & Co.

RALEIGH, N. C.:

TUESDAY MORNING. - - MARCH 7, 1865.

A RECENT copy of the Richmond *Sentinel* delivers a *moral* lecture to the press upon the vice of complaining of, and finding fault with, the Generals in command of our armies. It alledges that captious faul-finding of that sort, has destroyed much of their power for good by lessening confidence in them generally. It urges that the President should make his appointments of commanders from known ability and merit displayed in the field, and that the word "pets" should be ignored by the press and the people and everything permitted to work on harmoniously. If the appointments had uniformerly or even generally been made upon this principle, we have no idea that the word "pet" would ever have found a place in the military vocabulary of the press or the people. Gen. Lee is cited by the *Sentinel* as the only General whose appointment and good conduct has fai'ed to call forth this invective. But before that journal goes too far in censuring the finding of fault with others placed in high command, it would do well to cast about and see upon what the different estimate placed upon General Lee and other leading commanders is based; whether any of those whose appointment has been so much deplored, and whose conduct has been so much censured by the press and the public generally, have at any time either before or after their appointment showed either the capacity or fitness in any particular exhibited by Robert E. Lee.

We deprecate faultfinding when capriciously indulged in, as much as the *Sentinel* can. But the people have a great stake in this contest, *perhaps almost as great as the government*. It is *their* blood and *their* treasures that are lavishly squandered, by incompetency in the field, and the *Sentinel* must permit us to assert that this gives them a right to look to the competency of those who have their interests and most sacred rights committed to their charge. If they could be transformed into mere idle and careless spectators, they would be alike unable to obtain their liberties, or preserve them, if already won. That there has been much incompetency exhibited by appointees, not to say "*pets*", in high military positions is undeniable, and that the people should be insensible to this, would be to suppose them transformed into mere brutes. We agree that our Generals have often failed from a want of adequate means to accomplish the object desired. When that is the case, it is obviously wrong to complain of them; and where the people have been infomed on the subject we believe that complaint under such circumstances has rarely been made. Gen. Jos. E. Johnson is an example in point. Without adequate means to meet the enemy in decisive battle, he persued the Fabian policy of not hazarding all on one desperate adventure. For this he was removed—not we believe at the instance of the press or the bulk of the people, but he was removed. Upon the consequences of that removal it is unnecessary to speak. He has been restored. And we feel sure that we speak but the general sentiments of the people when we hail his restoration to command; but how far the progress of events during his retirement, will render him less able to retrieve the sinking fortunes of the country in that department, where he now directs the military operations, time will reveal. We are sure that he will do all that an able military Chieftain can do.

A LATE RICHMOND PAPER says that there is little or no business of importance now pending before Congress except the "tax bill." A proposition has recently been carried in the House of Representatives to adjourn, if we recollect right, on the 8th inst., but we believe it has been tabled in the Senate.

The tax bill seems to be a matter of serious trouble with the people's Representatives, and well it may. The enormous depreciation of the government currency, shows plainly that the further issue of notes will not enable the government to defray the necessary expenses of carrying on the war. What then must be done? It will be recollected that the bill which has been pending before Congress for some time, proposes to double the present tax. That some classes of the community who have been trading largely and reaping large profits might be able, without serious inconvenience, to pay such tax, provided it be not retrospective in its operation, is probably true. But with such currency as ours, every man spends his income freely with only a view to the payment of such tax as the law for the time being imposes, and a large retrospective tax even on this class would often expose to great inconvenience this class, if not entirely ruin them, while we fear that there are other classes, who have never engaged in trade, who make their support by their labor on their little farms, that would find the payment of such a tax, in addition to the other burthens which the war and the laws impose, utterly out of the question. We see that an amendmant has recently been proposed to greatly reduce the tax proposed in the original bill, but in what shape the bill will finally pass, it is impossible to foresee.

RALEIGH AMBULANCE COMMITTEE.—A few more volunteers are needed to complete the organization of this Committee. Also, lint-bandages and delicacies for the sick and wounded. Those willing to oin this Committee or to contribute to its supplies will please report to day to P. F. Pescud.

THE KNITTING CLUB will meet on Wednesday March 8th, at the residence of Mrs. L. Bryan, at 8 o'clock p. m.

THE FAYETTEVILLE TELEGRAPH, of last Saturday has the following in regard to Sherman's movements:

We have nothing new from the front. We doubt if a battle of any moment has been yet fought in South Carolina. We think Sherman's object now is to reach Wilmington, where he can recruit his army, join Schofield, and have a good water base for supplies, &c.

For the Conservative.

LANE'S BRIGADE, A. N. V.
February 22, 1865.

EDITOR CONSERVATIVE:—We are having a somewhat pleasant winter, though, as I write it is raining. A good number of our soldiers have been furlougled to spend a respite with the loved ones at home. Many have their wives here with them—from Generals down. I was pleased to meet the other day, Col, Wm. Lee Davidson, 7th N. C. T., who has just returned from a leave of absence. Col Davidson has been unwell, but he is now looking very well. He is justly regarded as one of the most accomplished gentlemen and gallint soldiers in the army of Northern Virginia. The Col, has won his way to his present position by gallantry on the field and his promotion is always a source of real pleasure to his numerous friends in the army. Identified with this army from its earliest formation, he has shared all its dangers and privations having been often complimented for gallantry on on the field. May Col Davidson live long to enjoy the prosperous future which awaits him,

I was most happy to meet a few days since the charming Mrs. Capt. Bryant of your city. She has been spending a few days with her accomplished husband, of Lane's Brigade.

There are a number of ladies here from all parts of the Confederacy but I observe none to be more admired than this fascinating and elegant lady. I believe Raleigh is noted for its accomplished and beautiful ladies. Heaven bless them! But for their smiles and sustaining heart's virtues, I verily believe that we should all degenerate into ——, well no matter what. As a class, women are more patriotic than men, and if their voice is heeded, there is no fear that honor will never suffer.

SIGMA.

WE GIVE BELOW an account of the Singleton and Hughes mission to Richmond, which is just now calling forth so many "queer" speculations from both Yankee and Southern papers. It is taken from the Richmond *Dispatch*. Its report of the object of the visit is as "queer" as the "queerest" we have seen. By the way, we have seen later dates from Richmond than this article from the *Dispatch*, which announce the actual arrival of Singleton and Hughes there:

MESSRS. SINGLETON AND HUGHES.

It has been announced by the Yankee press, and the announcement has been published by us, that Gen. Singleton and Judge Hughes had obtained passports from Mr. Lincoln to visit Richmond. The Yankee papers said the object of their mission was to convince the rebels of the hopelessness of further resistance. They arrived at Varina on Monday, but the freshet in the river, by preventing the running of our boats, has delayed their arrival in Richmond. These visits of Northern gentry are always covered with such a cloud of mystery by our officials that it is impossible to learn anything positively about them; and we are left generally to conjecture as to their objects. We heard on yesterday a report about this Singletons and Hughes visit that, coming as it did from a trustworthy source, surprised us not a little. It is said that the object of these gentlemen's visit is purely commercial; their business being nothing more nor less than to make arrangements for buying cotton and tobacco for their Government and selling to our Government beef and bacon. It is a queer story; we give it as we hear it.

FROM WILMINGTON.

The *State Journal* of Sunday contains numerous extracts from "*The Herald of the Union*," a paper started since the occupation of Wilmington by the Federals, dated March 2nd. It is printed with the mater al of the *Carolinian*, but no name appears. Among the advertisements is a card from O. S. Baldwin, Broadway, N. Y, to his former patrons at Wilmington, &c., and an appeal from Geo. Myers in behalf of the Union prisoners returning through Wilmington.

General orders, No. 1, announces that General J. M. Schofield assumes command of the District of North Carolina, headquarters in the field. Other general orders announce the appointment of Provost Marshals, Post Cammanders, &c.

Special Orders, No. 18, assigns Brig. Gen. Jos. R. Hawley to the command of the District of Wilmington, "which will embrace all the territory under military control in rear of the army operating from Cape Fear river as a base." "Gen. Hawley will be responsible for the protection of the Depot at Wilmington, Cape Fear Harbor and the line of railroad in rear of the army. He will also perform the duties of Provost Marshal General for the district under his command."

Provost Marshals are authorized to administer the oath to such persons as desire to take it, and "loyal" persons will be permitted to carry on their business, everything to be governed by the same rules and r gulations as have been applied to Savannah and other captured towns.

The theatre has been opened and Miss Eldise Bridges and other "stars" were announced to appear.

Stores and shops have to be closed at 7 P. M., and no one is allowed to sell liquor to soldiers under severe penalties.

THRILLING AFFAIR IN ROBESON COUNTY—A LADY USES A REPEATER WITH FEARFUL EFFECT.—On Tuesday morning about 1 o'clock, a band of deserters and escaped Yankee prisoners, 15 in number, and led by a Yankee naval officer, attacked the house of Mrs. Dr. McNair, in Robeson County, and, after spending nearly an hour in the attempt, forced an entrance by breaking down the front door. Mr. Wm. Stanton, of this County, was staying at Mrs McNair's on the night in question, and being called by that lady to her assistance, soon after the attack commenced, promptly "reported for duty." An exciting contest followed. Mrs. McNair and Mr. Stanton both being provided with Colt's repeaters and a rifle, which they used with fatal effect; one of the attacking party being killed and another wounded in the breast. We regret to learn that Mrs. McNair was badly burned and her face otherwise injured by fragments of glass and powder. Mr. Stanton was also slightly wounded.

Mrs. McNair and Mr. Stanton having exhausted their ammunition, the latter, at the urgent solicitation of Mrs. McNair (who feared the desperadoes would wreak vengeance on him for the death of their comrade,) retired, and she remained alone to brave their fury. On approaching her, the Yankee officer in command was so struck with her bold and determined mien, that instead of harming her, he congratulated her warmly on her heroic conduct, stating that she was the first person, man or woman, who had offered any resistance to his band.

They carried off nearly all the valuables they could find, including silver ware and jewelry, six thousand dollars in Confederate notes, and two breastpins, containing the picture of Mrs. McNair's husband and son; the latter of whom fell in defence of his country on one of the battle fields of Virginia. The courage and determination of this noble woman savors more of romance than reality, but the incidents given in this article are literally true. It carries one back to the days of the Revolution, when the fearless women of the Colonies performed so many feats of wonderful daring—The example of Mrs. McNair is worthy to be imitated by many of the male sex whose knees are smiting together, like Belshazzar's, lest they be attacked by deserters and other roving desperadoes —*Fay. Telegraph.*

EXTORTIONERS.

In a book of Judge Johnsen, of South Carolina a story is told, intended to illustrate the bargaining and avaracious traits of New England money-lovers, which, with some mortification, we may apply with equal justice to our own extortioners and speculators. Henry Trevor, the hero of the book in question, had signed a bond with the Devil, some thirty years before, bartering away his soul for a certain period of uninterrupted pleasure and prosperity. At the appointed hour, the Devil appears, but, upon his urgent entreaties, gives him a respite of four days, and even makes him this liberal proposition: "Provided that you will deliver to me at the close of the war the soul of twenty-five other persons, I will take them as a substitute for yours, and agree to cancel your bond." We shall now let Trevor tell his own story:

I instantly set to work and published the following advertisement:

"Wanted to Purchase, immediately, *twenty five souls*. Being very anxious to obtain them, and having abundance of money, the subscriber is willing to allow a high price, and to pay the cash down.

'HENRY TREVOR'

"Expecting, of course, great difficulty in finding out persons willing to sell, I employed most of the day in circulating this notice as widely as possible. Upon returning to my house, however, I found several hundred persons already assembled to treat with me. They were all speculators, and some of them had made large fortunes in flour, others in salt, others in beef and bacon, others in wood and other necessaries of life.

"Well, my friend," said I, accosting one of them' "what will you take for your soul?"

"What are you going to do with it?" inquired he.

"I want it to go to the Old Boy in my place," I replied.

"Oh, is that all?" said he; "I didn't know but you wanted to melt it up in charity. Well, seeing I have no use for it, you may have it cheap. I will take four hundred dollars in Confederate notes, or ten dollars in specie, for my soul."

"Very well," said I, "I will give it to you though I am by no means certain that I am not paying more than ten times its value"

"The above may serve as a specimen of my purchases. I soon bought the twenty-five at prices ranging from two to ten dollars, as the fear or avarice of the seller predominated. Towards the last, as the company perceived that my number was nearly made up, great competition was excited, and prices fell exceedingly. I could then have bought as many as I pleased for next to nothing. Those who had not sold, went away bitterly bewailing their disappointment.

"After paying to each man his money, I locked up my new purchases in a safe room, telling them that in a few days the Devil would visit them for inspection, in order to identify them upon the conclusion of peace with the United States. The rogues were in high spirits, conscious of the intrinsic worthlessness of the property they had transferred, and confident that if the Devil waited till the end of the war for the consummation of the contract it would be long enough, in all reason, for their purposes. They remained in their prison very busily engaged in speculating and trading with each other, and I was informed that by night there was not a single one of them who had not made a small fortune by his speculations." Upon the Devil's re appearance, I met him without fear, and producing my twenty-five substitutes, demanded a receipt in full.

"Mr. Trevor," said he, looking scornfully and offended, "I had a better opinion of you than to suppose that you would attempt to cheat me in this shameful manner. Do you think to pay your debts to me in that which is my own property already? This is the same as if you owed your neighbor twenty-five cattle, and were to go into his field and take beasts with his brand on them, and offer them to him as payment. These men all have my mark on them. There is a fellow who has made the widows and children of soldiers starve by his operations in flour, and not one of them but has the blood of innocence whom his extortions have murdered—the only blood he has seen during the war—upon his head. The tears of misery, the dying groans they have caused, have filled all hell with rapture. And besides, to put the matter on another ground, this is no compliance with my offer for these creatures have no souls, I will show you:

The Devil, it is to be understood, is a wonderfully skilful chemist, and knows how to analyze all substances, whether material or spiritual. In a few moments he erected a furnace, seized one of the speculators, and disengaged from the body that which in these animals supplies the place of a soul. It stood up before me a thing utterly strange and indescribable. He put it into a large crucible, reduced it to a fluid mass, and then separated the component parts. It consisted of

	Parts in a thousand.
Cunning	125.
Dishonesty	125.
Sneakingness	125.
Avarice	350.
Nameless and numberless small vices	140.
Bacon and Cabbage, Apple Brandy and Sorghum Molasses	235

"There," said the Devil, holding it up, "do you call that thing a soul."

MOVEMENT FROM PENSACOLA.

The Columbus *Enquirer* has information which leads it to believe that the Yankees are moving a considerable force into the interior of Alabama, by way of West Florida, to co-operate in Thomas' threatened advance from the North.

The Montgomery papers have reports of large numbers of Yankee troops concentrating at or near Pensacola, and of transports heavily laden with Yankee troops passing down the Mississippi river for the last two or three weeks. It is not at all improbable that these troops were going to the Florida coast to undertake the movement said to be making from Pensacola.

In confirmation of the above, a Northern dispatch, dated Philadelphia, February 24th and published in the New York papers of the 25th, state that special dispatches from Cincinnati say:

Advices from below indicate grand preparations for a three-fold movement to occupy Alabama and Mississippi: Thomas from the North, a strong mounted force of infantry from Vicksburg, via Jackson, and Canby from Pensacola. It is apprehended that if Lee is compelled to relinquish Richmond, he will fall back on Lynchburg, and thence make his way through the mountains to East Tennessee or Kentucky. The efforts making to repair the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad to Bristol are indications of such an intention. It was rumored in Knoxville last week that one division of his army had already appeared on the borders of East Tennessee. The expedition now moving from Knoxville is to defeat this movement, and by again destroying the railroad, render the transfer of Lee's army west of the mountains impossible.

James Buchanan, late President of the United States, reports his income, for the last year, as having been eleven thousand, one hundred and eleven dollars.

LYING.—Although the devil be the father of lies he seems, like other great inventors, to have lost much of his reputation by the continual improvements that have been made upon him.

Wealth brings care and apprehension. Nothing in this world is so much afraid as a million of dollars.

TROUBLES ON THE BORDER.

A correspondent of the Montgomery *Appeal*, writing from Grenada, Miss., says:

"Affairs on the border are in a terrible condition, the country being filled with jawhawkers and robbers, composed principally of deserters, whose deeds rival the famous days of Dick Turpin, and such a reign of terror has been inaugurated that travel is almost completely broken up in some portions of the country. Coupled with this, there are a large number of soldiers returning to their homes on furlough, who are vowing vengeance on the speculators in the Northern counties who have refused to take Confederate money for corn and other necessaries of life from their families, and unless something is speedily done by those in authority we may look for a desperate state of affairs here during the present month."

UNNECESSARY COMMOTION.

A great deal of causeless disquiet has been created in Richmond, says the Sentinel, by some movements which are purely precautionary, but which have been greatly misunderstood or misrepresented. We make this statement on authority and by request, in order to relieve the minds of our people, of gratuitous anxieties. Nothing has been done or contemplated but what an ordinary prudence enjoins, or with any purpose that every citizen here would approve and applaud. There is no foundation for the stories on which some build panics, and which others may embrace for the indulgence of prejudice.

With the opening of the campaign, and in the immediate presence of the two great armies which are to wrestle for our city as the prize it is of course eminently proper that Richmond should be put in her best fighting trim, for she is no unconcerned spectator. If it will not shock some weak nerves we would therefore; recommend that all useless and noncombatant consumers be urged to leave us, that we may defend the city to better advantage. There is some strange facination about a point of danger which attracts those who but hinder operations. Let all such withdraw—as for the rest let us rub up our guns!

A MAN WHO HAS NOT SLEPT FOR OVER FOURTEEN YEARS.

At present there is a soldier at the Chesnut Hill military Hospital Philadelphia who has not slept for a single moment for fourteen years and six months. This may seem incredible, but, nevertheless, it is true, and can be verified by numbers of persons. The individual is an intelligent man, naturally, and has the benefit of a moderate education. His name is C. D. Sanders, Orderly Sergeant of Company G. Thirteenth Virginia Volunters. He entered the service of the United States on December 28th, 1863. He is in the 45th year of his age His health has been generally excellent during his life.

In 1849 was taken with cholera, and since that period with lung fever on two occasions. In the summer of 1850 sleep forsook him, and since that time he has not felt the least drowsy. He has led a temperate life. His wife and children reside in Putnam county, West Virginia—Since he entered the Union army he has been on seven raids and four charges during which time he informs us that he never felt tired or sleepy. He was in the four charges beyond Harper's Ferry on the 17th, 18th, 19th, and 20th of last August, and yet he did not feel the least sleepy. Why it is that he cannot or does not sleep is as much a mystery to him as it is to many scientific gentlemen, who having had their attention called to him, have been astounded in their attempts to investigate the cause.

Upon one occasionn, at his request, a number of curiously-inclined gentlemen watched him for 42 days and nights consecutively, in order, if possible, to arrive at the cause of the wonderful phenomenon. These gentlemen took turns with each other in the progress of watching, so that if he should change to sleep it would be observed. Some of the watchers became drowzy, and it was as much as they could do to awake them.

This singular man was sent to Philadelphia by order of the field Surgeon. He was admitted into the Hospital at Chesnut Hill on the 17th of November last, suffering from chronic diarrhœa and rheumatism. He has nearly recovered from his physical disability; his appetite is good, but yet he does not sleep. He retires to bed; the same as other soldiers, but he cannot sleep. He simply receives physical rest.

This brief narrative of a most wonderful phenomenon may seem fabulous, but the reader is assured that it is the truth.—*N. Y. News.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. O. P. Nicholson, formerly a Senator in Congress, has just been released from the Tennessee penitentiary, and ordered to be tried for conspiracy against the Government.

Gen. Grant, in a private letter to Mr. Washburn, of the House of Representatives, speaks very hopefully of Sherman's movements, and expresses the opinion that a few more days of successful operations will place the rebels in a position from which there will be no escape.

Vanderbilt, the New York millionaire, was arrested and taken to the station house last week for fast driving in the street.

President Lincoln has ordered Roger A. Pryor to report immediately to Gen. Grant, at City Point, for exchange.

Alexandre Dumas will be the guest of Geo. Bancroft in New York.

General D. C. Buell has written and published a reply to General Sherman's defence of General Grant.

MECHANICAL DUTY.—Schiller used to say, that he found the great happiness of life, after all, to consist in the discharge of some mechanical duty.

MIND AND BODY.—Old Sir Jas. Herring was remonstrated with for not rising earlier—"I can make up my mind to it" said he, "but cannot make up my body."

CURIOSITY.—Curiosity is a kernel of the forbidden fruit, which still sticketh in the throat of a natural man, sometimes to the danger of his choking.—*Fuller.*

THE STRAWBERRY.—Dr. Butler said of strawberries. "Doubtless God could have made a better berry, but doubtless God never did."

Mrs. Isabelle Ritchie, relict of Thomas Ritchie, died in Richmond on the 30th ultimo. She had reached the advanced age of seventy-six years.

Those who befriend genius when it is struggling for distinction befriend the world, and their names should be held in remembrance.

Buy what thou hast no need of and ere long thou shalt sell thy necessaries.

TRUTH.—When a man has no design but to speak plain truth, he may say a great deal in a very narrow compass.—*Steele.*

Married people should study each other's weak points, as skaters look out for weak points in the ice, in order to keep them off.

It is with life as with coffee. He who would have it pleasant must not drain it to the dregs.

Franklin says, "He that goes a borrowing goes a sorrowing." Another proverb says, "He that lends loseth friends."

Many a man lives a burden to the earth; but a good book is the precious life-hood of a master spirit embalmed and treasured up on purpose to a life beyond life.

TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS.

[OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.]

Entered according to act of Congress, in the year 1861, by J. S. THRASHER, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States of the Northern District of Georgia.

From Petersburg.

PETERSBURG, March 5.

Profound quiet prevails along the lines.

The mud considered the deepest in this portion of Virginia for years. Transportation to Atlanta and Augusta with wagons is impossible.

Mr. John Nash, an aged and well-known citizen was knocked down and robbed last night of one thousand dollars and a gold watch. The parties were arrested and the plunder recovered.

Congressional.

RICHMOND, March. 1.

Very little business done in the Senate to day, for want of a quorum, after the absentees were brought in the bill concerning hospitals which passed yesterday wasreconsidered and the bill was then rejected

The tax bill from the House was further considered and passed with unimportant amendments yeas 9, nays 5.

The Senate then adjourned.

The House went into secret session soon after the hour of meeting.

Northern News.

RICHMOND, March 5.

Northern papers of the 2d and 3d have been received to-night.

The New Jersey Legislature has rejected the constitutional amendment by a tie vote.

An official statement claims 450 pieces of artillery captured at Charleston.

Gov. Cannon, of Delaware, died on the 1st.

The *Herald's* dispatches from Charleston assert that Columbia was committed to the flames on the 24th ult., by order of Sherman, in retaliation for his troops being fired on by citizens while passing through the town.

The *Herald's* Washington telegram says General Sheridan has despatched the Investigating Committee to Lynchburg to ascertain the truth of a report relative to an anticipated movement of Lee's army.

The Yankee House of Representatives adopted an amendment to the civil appropriation bill, prohibiting arbitrary arrests and military trials of civilians.

The Committee on volunteering in New York City, have been officially notified that unless recruiting increases and men put into service more rapidly the draft will be commenced.

European News.

RICHMOND, March 5.

European advices of the 17th received.

Cardinal Wiseman died on the 15th ult.

Nothing important doing in Parliament.

Blair's mission made a commotion in financial business circles, which caused a considerable decline in cotton securities. Later news of the failure of the mission produced a reaction.

The ram *Olinde* is still at Ferroll.

Napoleon, in his speech at the opening of the French Chambers, did not refer to the war in this country, but represented the situation of affairs in Mexico as satisfactory.

Prussian Chamber deputies, in spite of Ministerial influence, passed a resolution in favor of repealing all laws to permit a coalition among working men.

From Mexico.

RICHMOND, March 5.

Advices from Mexico say the seige of Oagaca terminated on the 9th ult., by the surrender of the place with its Republican Garrison of 7000 men to Marshall Bazain in command of the imperial forces.

Gen. Dear was killed.

New Advertisements.

ATTRACTIVE SALE.

THE LADIES WARDROBE, &c., HERETOFORE ADvertised to be sold—and the sale postponed will take place Wednesday next, commencing promptly at 11 o'clock. The articles can be seen to day.

CREECH & LITCHFORD,
Auctioneers.
March, 7. 269—1t

LOST,

BY A LADY ON SUNDAY LAST AT OR NEAR THE Baptist Church a large square embroidered thread lace Veil. We are authorized to pay $100 reward for its delivery at our store.

CREECH & LITCHFORD,
Commission Merchants.
March 7. 269—d1t.

IMPORTANT AND EXTENSIVE

AUCTION SALE,

BY TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,

Of Foreign Goods and Furniture,

On Wednesday, 15th inst., at 11 o'clock.

THE ENTIRE LOT OF COLLIE & CO'S FURNIture, consisting of Parlor, Dining Room and Office Furniture.

ALSO,

1 case superior Envelopes, (Letter and Official,)
1 case Agate Buttons, 212 g gross.
1 case Hair Brushes, 11 doz.
1 case Lead Pencils, 150 gross,
1 case Leather Leaf Lard, 636 pr.
1 case Suspender Buttons, 103 g. gross.
1 case S. Bone Buttons, 83 g. gross.
1 case H. Saw Files, 137 doz.
72 kegs White Lead.
1 bale bagging Twine.
16 cases Tumblers, 617 doz.
2 cases Com. Note Paper.
2 cases Clark's Spool Cotton.
1 case Mohair Lusters for Ladies' Dresses.
13 Marble Pattern Toilet Setts Crockery.
12 extra Soap Stands.
12 extra Tooth B. Stands.
12 White Granite Coffee Pots.
12 " " Tea Pots.
12 " " Sugar Dishes.
12 " " Cream Pots.
36 " " Dishes (asst)
50 setts " Cups and Saucers.
102 Chambers.
263 Bowls, (asst)
25 pieces Heavy Dundee Bagging.
2½ coils Manilla Rope.
1 case Ladies' Gaiters.
1 case Gents' Cavalry Boots.
3 cases Box Coffee Mills.
1 case English Axes.
4 cases French Brandy.
1 beautiful Young Stallion, "Black Prince," perfectly kind and gentle under saddle and in harness.

We invite the attention of dealers to the above sale, as it is an important one.

TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,
Auction and Commission Merchants.
March 6, 268—td.